## Apothecary, Household and Metric Systems of Measurement

## PART A - One Step Conversions

Given a direct conversion factor we can convert from one system of measurement to another.

## Conversion Chart

| Mass | Volume | Length | Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \mathrm{~g}=1000 \mathrm{mg}$ | $1 \mathrm{tsp}=5 \mathrm{~mL}$ | 1 inch $=2.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $1 \mathrm{~h}=60 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{mg}=1000 \mathrm{mcg}$ | $1 \mathrm{tbsp}=3 \mathrm{tsp}(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ | 12 inches $=1$ foot | 1 minute $=60$ |
| $1 \mathrm{oz}=30 \mathrm{~g}$ | $2 \mathrm{tbsp}=1$ fluid oz | $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ meter | seconds |
| $1 \mathrm{lb}=16 \mathrm{oz}$ | $1 \mathrm{cup}=8 \mathrm{oz}$ | $1000 \mathrm{~m}=1 \mathrm{~km}$ | 1 day $=24$ hours |
| $1 \mathrm{lb}=454 \mathrm{~g}$ | $1 \mathrm{cup}=250 \mathrm{~mL}$ | 1 yard $=3 \mathrm{feet}$ | 1 week $=7$ days |
| $2.2 \mathrm{lb}=1 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ | 1 mile $=1.6 \mathrm{~km}$ | 1 year $=12$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}$ | 1 pint $=2 \mathrm{cups}$ |  | monts |
| 1 metric ton =1000 kg | 1 quart $=2$ pints |  | 1 year $=365$ |
|  | 1 gallon $=4$ quarts |  | days |

## Conversion Rules

1. When moving from a LARGER unit to a SMALLER unit, multiply the starting measurement by the conversion factor.

Example: $\mathbf{1 m} \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{c m}$
Since a meter is LARGER than a centimeter, multiply by the conversion factor (100).

2. When moving from a SMALLER unit to a LARGER unit, divide the starting measurement by the conversion factor.

Example: $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 ~ m L ~} \rightarrow \mathbf{1}$ L
Since a milliliter is SMALLER than a litre, divide by the conversion factor (1000).


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Example 1: Convert 5 cups into mL .
Step 1: Find the conversion factor between our starting measurement and our desired unit.

Looking at our conversion chart we notice that 1 cup $=\mathbf{2 5 0} \mathrm{mL}$.
Step 2: Since we are moving from a LARGER unit to a SMALLER unit, multiply the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
5 \text { cups } \times 250 \mathrm{~mL}=1250 \mathrm{~mL}
$$

Thus, there are 1250 mL in 5 cups.

Example 2: Convert 154 lb into kg .
Step 1: Find the conversion factor between our starting measurement and our desired unit.

Looking at our conversion chart we notice that

## $2.2 \mathrm{lb}=1 \mathrm{~kg}$

Step 2: Since we are moving from a SMALLER unit to a LARGER unit, divide the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
154 \mathrm{lb} \div 2.2 \mathrm{lb}=70 \mathrm{~kg}
$$

Thus, there are 70 kg in 154 lb .

## PART B - Multi-Step Conversions

In some cases, we may not have a direct conversion factor. To convert from one unit of measure to another, we have to bridge together multiple conversions.

Example 3: Convert 65 in into m.
Step 1: Find the conversion factor between our starting measurement and our desired unit.

Since there isn't a direct conversion from in to m , we are going to break the conversion into two steps.
a) inch
cm
b) cm
m

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Step 2: In part a) our conversion factor is 1 in = 2.5 cm
Since we are moving from a LARGER unit to a SMALLER unit, multiply the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
65 \mathrm{in} \times 2.5 \mathrm{~cm}=162.5 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Step 3: In part b) our conversion factor is $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$
Since we are moving from a SMALLER unit to a LARGER unit, divide the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
162.5 \mathrm{~cm} \div 100 \mathrm{~cm}=1.625 \mathrm{~m}
$$

Thus, there is 1.625 m in 65 in .
Example 4: Convert 5.2 L into tsp.
Step 1: Find the conversion factor between our starting measurement and our desired unit.

Since there isn't a direct conversion from $L$ to tsp, we are going to break the conversion into two steps.
$\square \mathrm{mL} \quad$ b) $\mathrm{mL} \square \mathrm{tsp}$

Step 2: In part a) our conversion factor is $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$.
Since we are moving from a LARGER unit to a SMALLER unit, multiply the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
5.2 L \times 1000 \mathrm{~mL}=5200 \mathrm{~mL}
$$

Step 3: In part b) our conversion factor is $5 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{tsp}$.
Since we are moving from a SMALLER unit to a LARGER unit, divide the starting measurement by the conversion factor and simplify.

$$
5200 \mathrm{~mL} \div 5 \mathrm{~mL}=1040 \mathrm{tsp}
$$

Thus, there is 1040 tsp in 5.2 L .

# Apothecary, Household and Metric Systems of Measurement 

NOTE: There are other methods of converting between different systems of measurement. For alternative methods, see "Dimensional Analysis" or "Conversions in the Metric System" TLC hand-outs.

Exercises: Convert between the apothecary, household and metric systems of measurement.

1) 4 tsp $($ into mL$)=$
2) $5 \mathrm{oz}($ into g$)=$
3) $2 \frac{3}{5} \operatorname{cups}($ into mL$)=$
4) $400 \mathrm{~mL}($ into L) $=$
5) $8 \mathrm{tbsp}($ into ml$)=$
6) 450 g (into oz) $=$
7) 12 in $($ into cm$)=$
8) $200 \mathrm{lb}($ into kg$)=$
9) 197 in (into m) =
10) 650 mL (into cups) $=$
11) 30 ml (into tbsp.) $=$
12) $5 \mathrm{~kg}($ into lb) $=$
13) 3 m (into in) $=$
14) 5 tbsp (into fluid oz $)=$
15) 5 feet 3 in (into $m)=$
16) 5 m (into feet and inches) $=$
17) $5.2 \mathrm{~L}($ into tsp $)=$
18) $1600 \mathrm{mg}($ into oz) $=$
19) $60 \mathrm{~mL}($ into tbsp) $=$
20) $2 \frac{2}{5}$ tbsp (into tsp) $=$

## Solutions:

1) $20 \mathrm{~mL}(1 \mathrm{tsp}=5 \mathrm{~mL})$
2) $150 \mathrm{~g}(1 \mathrm{oz}=30 \mathrm{~g})$
3) $650 \mathrm{~mL}(1$ cup $=250 \mathrm{~mL})$
4) $0.4 \mathrm{~L}(1000 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{~L})$
5) $15 \mathrm{oz}(30 \mathrm{~g}=1 \mathrm{oz})$
6) $120 \mathrm{~mL}(1 \mathrm{tbsp}=15 \mathrm{~mL})$
7) $90.9 \mathrm{~kg}(2.2 \mathrm{lb}=1 \mathrm{~kg})$
8) 2.6 cups ( $250 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{cup}$ )
9) $11 \mathrm{lb}(1 \mathrm{~kg}=2.2 \mathrm{lb})$
10) 2.5 fluid oz (2 tbsp $=1$ fluid oz)
11) $\mathbf{5 0 0} \mathbf{~ c m ~ = ~} 200$ inches $=16$ ' $\mathbf{\prime}^{\prime \prime}$
( $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm} ; 2.5 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{inch} ; 12$ inches $=1$ foot)
12) $1.6 \mathrm{~g}=0.053 \mathrm{oz}(1000 \mathrm{mg}=1 \mathrm{~g} ; 30$ $g=1 \mathrm{oz}$ )
13) $7 \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tsp}(1 \mathrm{tbsp}=3 \mathrm{tsp})$
